



THURSDAY EVENING, SEPT. 11, 1902.

CONTRARY to all predictions, the strike of the anthracite coal miners continues, and there are now no more indications of a break in the cloud than were apparent months ago. The picture is a serious one to contemplate, as the summer season is passing away and cool nights and mornings are bringing to mind the fact that the need of coal will soon be felt. This unfortunate condition of affairs and the terrible uncertainty as to whether or not they are to be continued until the snow begins to fall is producing anxiety all over the country, and the cruel suspense is said to be prolonged by a man named Mitchell, heretofore to fame unknown, who is allowed to hold the key to the situation. It is suggested by people who are in positions to know that a majority of the miners, if left to themselves, would have returned to work long ago, but that this individual has stood as a barrier to such a movement in hopes that he will eventually be recognized as the one man in the broad domain of the United States who shall ad libitum cause the coal bins of millions of free people to become empty and remain so. The object of such a man, unnatural and illogical as it is, is revolting to all lovers of liberty, and should his preposterous claims be allowed and a precedent established numbers of would-be potentates will spring up as mushrooms and endeavor to control the production of other necessities of life. Struggling human beings, especially the rank and file of these United States, have much with which to contend from the cradle to the grave in the way of tariffs, class legislation and other unjust measures which rather increase than diminish, but when men with no credentials whatever for prominence forge to the front and assume they have the right to shut that no man may shut and deprive their fellow-beings of fuel, the gift of a munificent heaven, they become enemies to the human race and sooner or later will bring upon their own pates the vengeance of an incensed Creator.

THE ridiculous extremes to which the Chinese exclusion act is carried has frequently been commented upon, and all sensible people know that if the Chinese had votes in this country the politicians would cease their unjust tirades against them. Minister Wu, considered one of the most intelligent men of the present day, has endeavored to show the injustice of the law referred to, and has frequently pointed out how its effects reacted upon this country. He recently said: "If existing conditions in the United States continue I shall be compelled to educate my boy at Oxford. I should be delighted to matriculate him at an American college, but, unfortunately, he cannot enter the United States once I pass beyond the boundaries, and he would have no standing before the law. The Chinese exclusion laws prevent me from educating my son in this country although I think it would be to his advantage to receive his collegiate training and post graduate degrees here. After my departure it would be possible for any fanatic to denounce the boy and make it very unpleasant for him. I hope within a few years that the statesmen of both countries will find some basis of law which will permit Chinese merchants and students to reside in this country under proper regulations." In the hope expressed by Mr. Wu, all right-thinking people join. Americans of all sorts and conditions go to China when they please, and remain there as long as they choose to do so.

"MITCHELLISM" is now a recognized term for an infectious distemper that always exists in sporadic cases, but which at times becomes epidemic under certain conditions. It is now at an acute stage in certain parts of Pennsylvania, and various speculations are rife as to the period which is to intervene before the crisis shall have been past. Several people of more or less prominence have during the past few weeks imagined they had discovered panaceas, but when put to the test they were found to be impotent. Of course, the disease will run out eventually, like all such plagues, leaving its victims poorer but by no means wiser men. The remedy for "Mitchellism" is to teach the workingman independence and endeavor to incite in him a passion to act according to the dictates of common sense. The disease will then find nothing upon which to feed, and the originators of such distempers will find themselves out of a job. Many workmen have become immune and although Mitchellism often rages all around them they never contract it. It is about time all who toil and spin were in the same condition.

THE French Minister of Finance has a well conceived plan for refunding the

French public debt on a 3 per cent. basis. France has a public debt of over \$1,000,000,000 which carries a 3 1/2 per cent. interest—a rate far in excess of that paid on "gilt edge" government bonds. The days of high rates of interest on safe bonds have gone, probably not to return during the life of the present generation. The British and the United States governments' last issues of bonds pay but 2 per cent. interest and these bonds are in demand at a premium. The governments set the pace, and the States, cities and corporations are thus enabled to follow suit. Many people, especially women, but a few years ago were able to live comfortably on the income from their five and six per cent. bonds in which they had invested their all. Since those bonds have matured, their holders, having had to re-invest their money in securities bearing a much lower rate of interest, now find it difficult to make both ends meet.

It is now apparent that if the democrats in the State of Delaware agree upon suitable candidates they will be able to carry the State Legislature and elect their representative in Congress and regain control of the State which should never have been lost. The feud in the republican ranks is of such long standing and of such implacable character that it cannot be smoothed over. Opportunity is thus thrown into the hands of the leaders of the democracy not only to recover control of the State government, but to institute such needed reforms as will make control permanent. The fact that two United States Senators are to be chosen by the next legislature gives to the contest unusual national significance. The democratic organization within the State for this reason should have whatever legitimate aid may be necessary at the hands of the national organization.

THE growing prospect of the next House of Representatives being democratic has increased the number of candidates for the speakership, all of whom are now busy laying plans to secure the much coveted position. Virginia will present Mr. James Hay of the Seventh district, one of the ablest representatives from the State. He is now chairman of the democratic caucus, and is recognized as one of the best equipped members of the House, being in every way qualified for the Speakership, and should he be elected to that position the House would be presided over by a tried and true democrat, a courageous leader, a man without fear and without reproach. The Seventh district has every reason to be proud of her representative in Congress.

ALL indications point to democratic success in Maryland this year. The independent element in the party has nearly become extinct, and the republicans are quarreling among themselves, while the regular democratic organization is strengthening in power and control. All these things, with the prominence in the party councils which Mr. Gorman shows that he still possesses, together with the attitude of the party on national questions, have served to encourage the Maryland democrats to renewed exertions. Mr. Gorman as well as his friends fully recognize the fact that his future largely depends upon the results of the Congressional fight this year and the State campaign next, and they will leave no stone unturned to place Maryland firmly in the democratic column.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, D. C., September 11. Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles leaves Washington today for the Philippines where he will make an inspection of the principal military posts on the archipelago. The general's party will begin the journey this morning when the train leaves for Chicago where a short stop will be made, and thence to Portland, Oregon, and San Francisco. Gen. Miles and his party will sail for Manila on the army transport Thomas on the 20th instant. He will spend fully a month in the Philippines inspecting the principal posts and the general condition of the army there. His visit is simply one of inspection. It is expected he will return to Washington about the middle of January.

The Navy Department has not yet been officially advised of the alleged grounding of the battleship Iowa near Cape Nassau, Brazil. If the ship had sustained any serious mishap it is believed that Captain Perry, her commander, would have cabled the department. The Iowa is one of the largest vessels in the navy, and it is thought that if she has really run aground as stated in this morning's dispatches, her injuries must, because of her weight, be serious.

The report of the naval board of inspection and survey will show that the battleship Maine just made her contract speed of 18 knots. This information was today unofficially conveyed to the Navy Department, although the official reports on the trial trip were not made until next Monday. It was not until recently that the department believed that the official report on the trial of the big battleship would reach the speed required by the contract. By close figuring, however, and making every allowance for tides, currents and the drifting of the stakes marking the termination of the course, the board has been able to bring the speed up to the requirement. Officers who witnessed the test are confident that the Maine is capable of much better speed than 18 knots. The conditions of the trial trip, it is claimed, were unfavorable to the speed test. The coal was not as good as it should have been, the crew was not particularly efficient and the weather unfavorable. The ship will be accepted by the government without the contractors having to pay any forfeit.

The Navy Department was notified today of the death by suicide at the

naval hospital at Chelsea, Mass., of Chaplain William F. Morrison, U. S. N. Chaplain Morrison was recently invalided home from the Philippines because of a severe attack of nostalgia. His self destruction was doubtless caused by temporary insanity the result of his exceedingly poor physical condition. He was born in Alabama and appointed to the navy from Maryland in 1881.

Former Governor Alexander R. Shepherd, of the District of Columbia, is dying in Mexico, of tropical fever complicated with appendicitis.

John E. Bancker, a resident of Langley, Fairfax county, Va., has reported to the police that he had been robbed of his purse containing \$219. Mr. Bancker said that he had been introduced to a man who said he was a horse dealer. They had several drinks together.

Orders were issued by the Navy Department today directing the battleship Wisconsin now at the navy yard at Bremerton to proceed immediately to Panama to protect American interests there. The Wisconsin is commanded by Commander Geo. C. Reider, U. S. N., who will be the senior American naval officer in those waters. Orders were also issued today directing the Cincinnati, commanded by Capt. McLean, to proceed from Port au Prince, Hayti, to Colon. The Montgomery will be sent to Hayti to take the place of the Cincinnati. The object of sending the Wisconsin and the Cincinnati to the isthmus is to carry on treaty obligations with reference to the protection of the trans-isthmian railway as well as to look out for the safety of American lives and property. It is quite probable that marines will be landed at both Colon and Panama.

U. S. Consul General Seliger at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, telegraphed the State Department today that reports of the damage by frost to the coffee crop of Brazil have been greatly exaggerated. In his opinion the next harvest will be exceedingly large.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Bank of France in Paris has been robbed of \$44,000 in gold. The gold was taken in the daytime, evidently by a person or persons having access to the cash vault.

Editor W. O. Saunders, of the Elizabeth City, N. C., Tar Heel, has been arrested and placed in jail for smoking a cigarette within the corporation limits of Elizabeth City.

Cremation of living babies in her kitchen range is a charge made by Charles Early against Mrs. Paulina Taeschler, who conducts a private hospital for women in Chicago.

Stanley Kann, seventeen years old, only son of Mr. Louis Kann, of the firm of S. Kann, Sons & Co., Baltimore and Washington, was almost instantly killed by a fall from his horse, in Baltimore yesterday.

According to reports received by the State Department yesterday from United States Consul Goldschmidt at Laguayra, the whole of the coast of Venezuela east of that city is in the possession of the revolutionary forces.

The reunion of old Confederate soldiers was held in Upper Marlboro, Md., yesterday. This meeting was under the auspices of Company B, First Maryland Cavalry. There were representatives present from Washington and different parts of Maryland.

Philip Abendschoon, a prosperous butcher, who had become despondent, however, over the fact that he was deformed and in ill-health, committed suicide at his home in Baltimore yesterday, by slashing his throat with a big knife.

William Denny Wilkins, whose grandfather was Secretary of War in the Cabinet of President Andrew Jackson, and who was at one time a very wealthy man, was shot and killed in Pittsburg, Pa., yesterday by his wife, with whom he struggled in an effort to defeat her attempt at self-destruction.

Despondent over troubles which he said were caused by members of his family, J. A. Hershheimer, of Rodney W. Va., made an unsuccessful attempt to end his life in a room at the National Hotel in Washington shortly after 11 o'clock last night, by turning on all the gas jets in his room, and closing the windows and door.

The reports from Tuesday's primary for Senator and State officers in South Carolina show increasing majorities for Lattimer and Heyward for Senator and governor, respectively. Without the 10,000 more votes to be accounted for, Lattimer has a lead of 15,000 over Evans, and Heyward 11,000 over Talbot. Both are likely to increase their majority by another thousand. It is an anti-Tillman victory.

Disappointed in love, Josephus Thigpen and J. O. Griffin, young business men of Dover, N. C., committed suicide yesterday. A young woman to whom Griffin was engaged married another. A girl who had an engagement with Thigpen took a trip to Morehead City, a nearby summer resort, with his rival. The two young men told each other of their disappointment and the double suicide was the result.

John Hill, of Horse Valley, Pa., saved himself from a terrible death by throwing his right arm around the front of a thrashing machine which he was feeding and holding on with a death-like grip while his left arm was torn off at the shoulder by the cylinder. In some way his left hand was caught by the rapidly revolving cylinder. His body would have been drawn in had he not gripped the front of the machine with the other hand and held on during the terrible ordeal, which lasted only a moment, while the arm was drawn in up to the shoulder, where it was severed.

COURT OF APPEALS.

The proceedings in the court of appeals at Staunton yesterday were as follows:

The case of Gorson vs. Funkhouser, from the circuit court of Rockingham county, was argued and submitted.

The case of William A. Humphreys, administrator, vs. Valley Railroad Company, was argued in part and continued till today for a further hearing.

A well dressed woman, whose name could not be learned, publicly whipped A. A. Kane yesterday. High just came out of the water. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause, since Kane lately has been attentive to another woman.

An explosion among some pots of varnish and oil set fire to a four-story tenement on west 24th street, New York, today and resulted in the death of Mrs. Mary Fraser and the injury of several other women tenants in the place.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

There will be no strike of the Richmond street car men, the question in dispute having been settled.

The thirty-third annual session of the Medical Society of Virginia will assemble in the Casino, at Newport News, on September 23rd, 24th, and 25th.

Right Rev. Bishop Van de Vyver received a cablegram yesterday announcing the death of his brother, Mr. Henry Van de Vyver, at Haerendonch, Belgium.

Henry Grady, of Atlanta, Ga., who disappeared while at Norfolk, a few days ago, has been found in New York. Mr. Grady apparently was suffering from mental aberration.

The third day of the Great Council of Red Men, in session at Norfolk yesterday, was a busy one. The morning session was consumed by reading reports of the committees on revision of the ritual and mileage.

An explosion of dynamite occurred near Roanoke last night, at the Rorer iron mines, four miles south of that city, resulting in fatally injuring Charles Williams, colored. William Kinsley, white, was seriously injured.

The annual exhibition of the Blue Ridge Hunt Club, one of the most prominent societies of its kind in Virginia, was held yesterday at Carter Hall, near Millwood, Clarke county, and was attended by about 1,000 people.

The City Charlottesville council Tuesday night voted to submit to the people the proposition to authorize a sale of 4 per cent. street improvement bonds. The amount to be issued is \$80,000 tenfords. The vote on this question will be taken at the election in November.

The Governor yesterday commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of Lucy Fuller, who was at the April term, 1902, of the County Court of Fauquier, tried and convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to be hanged September 19, 1902. The repugnance of both county and state officers to hanging a woman was the chief reason.

Wilson Guy, who supervised the construction of the Confederate ran Virginia, died at his home in Hampton yesterday aged 74 years. He had been prominent in Confederate veteran affairs since the organization was established. For the past ten years he had been an invalid, suffering constantly from a cancer, which was the immediate cause of his death.

The Danville Railway and Electric Company has a small strike on its hands which, however, does not hinder its operation. It does not extend to motor-men and conductors and the cars are running as usual. Only engineers and firemen have quit work, and their places were promptly filled. There was a demand for higher wages, which was not granted. Negro labor was substituted without loss of time to the company.

Seven United States ships are being constructed in Virginia, one at Richmond, and six at Newport News. The Newport News Company has two battleships, the Missouri, and the Virginia. On August 1st, the Missouri showed 68 per cent. of completion. On September 1st she showed 71 per cent. completed, showing a progress in construction of 3 per cent., a most satisfactory showing. The Virginia is 5 per cent. finished, an increase of 2 per cent. since August 1st.

Mrs. Nettie Smith, wife of Major Francis H. Smith, dropped dead at her home in Lexington yesterday evening shortly after 6 o'clock. She had been in delicate health for some years. Major Smith was in Staunton, where he was arranging for the opening of the public schools of that city which he was recently elected superintendent. Mrs. Smith was a daughter of the late Dr. Livingston W. Waddell, of Lexington. Her husband and five children survive. She also leaves four brothers and four sisters.

Mr. Joel Cochran, of Charlottesville, and Miss Isabelle Mason Chamberlain, daughter of Mr. Charles Chamberlain, were married at All Saints' Protestant Episcopal Church, Richmond yesterday morning. Rev. J. H. Downham, performed the ceremony. The groom and his best man, Dr. Thomas Cochran, met the bride party at the altar, where the ceremony was read. The ushers were Mr. Richard Gibson, of Charlottesville; Mr. Frank McCormick, of Berryville; Mr. Granville Smith, of Washington; and Mr. Walter Taylor, of Richmond. The couple left on a northern tour and will reside in Charlottesville.

CONVICTED OF BRIBERY.

Ex-alderman John M. King was convicted in the Richmond Police Court yesterday of accepting bribes in the matter of awarding contracts for street paving and his punishment fixed at a fine of \$100 and confinement in jail for twelve months. An appeal was taken, bail being fixed for September 23. Capt. Gasser, a paving contractor, who has done much of the city's work during the past two years, was the principal witness. He testified that Mr. King had approached him and had asked that he be given a certain percentage of the sum appropriated for street work. This sum was \$40,000, and Mr. King, declared the witness, wanted 10 per cent. of it as his share for having the contract awarded to Gasser and two other contractors who had combined with him in doing the work for the city. The witness said that when this demand was made he declared that he could not accede to it, and that afterward Mr. King dropped the figure to \$2,000 and later to \$1,200. The two other contractors engaged with him in the city's work were Messrs. Gude and Weinburn. It was testified that about \$450 had actually been paid Mr. King by the contractors. Capt. Gasser stated that he paid this amount to Mr. King in the latter's office. Asked whether he had approached King in regard to the matter or whether the alderman had broached the subject to him, the witness said that Mr. King had made the proposition, the alderman asserting that he controlled the situation and was able to award the contract. The fact was brought out that during the last two years all contracts for granite pavels had been awarded to Messrs. Gasser, Gude and Weinburn. Capt. Gasser was asked if he had ever had any previous dealing with Alderman King of a similar nature. The witness replied in the affirmative, saying that in January, 1902, he had paid Mr. King \$100 for a contract which had been awarded to Mr. Weinburn. The latter had given the witness the money to pay King, he said.

The Market.

Georgetown, Sept. 11.—Wheat 65 3/4.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

THE STRIKES.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—All the union teamsters employed by Swift & Co. went on strike at midnight. The number of men affected is between 100 and 150. It includes the drivers of the city wagons, and the carts and live stock wagons in the yards. For the present, at least, the trouble is not likely to spread to other firms.

Roanoke, Va., Sept. 11.—There is still some trouble in the Pocahontas coal fields, in Mercer county, W. Va., and yesterday eight men charged with shooting at men at work on the tipple along Crane creek were arrested by Deputy Sheriff Thorn. Sympathizers armed with Winchester made the deputy give them up. A large posse was later organized and went back to rearrest them. The officers are determined to get the accused.

Roanoke, Va., Sept. 11.—One hundred Italian stone cutters at work for the United States Steel Corporation erecting coke ovens near Bluefield, went out on strike yesterday. The men are dissatisfied because of the discharge of a few of their fellow-workmen several days ago.

GERMAN ARMY MANOEUVRES.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—If yesterday's war manoeuvres at Frankfurt-on-Order had been real war the Blue, or imperial, army would have been totally wiped out. Neither the artillery nor the cavalry were able to prevent the retreat of infantry, the centre of which was broken by the Reds. As a result, it is believed that General von Lignitz, who was in command of the Blues and who has hitherto been persona grata with the Kaiser, will resign at the end of the manoeuvres.

Frankfurt, Sept. 11.—The Kaiser won a big victory in the manoeuvres here today. He first brought together all the cavalry of both the reds and blues, making sixteen regiments in all, and then took personal command of the horsemen. At their heads with drawn sword, he ordered the charge and at a furious gallop he led his cavalrymen against the unfortunate army. When the reds saw the Kaiser coming the order was immediately given to retreat. Still the Kaiser came on with his sixteen dashing regiments following closely. The reds' retreat was soon turned to a rout. The Kaiser dashed against the unprotected infantry and for five miles pursued the fleeing reds, who did no dare to make a stand, turn and open fire.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Relief from the high prices of the so-called "beef trust" is the result of grass fed cattle which are being hurried to market from the western grass country. Already on this poorer grade of beef the price has dropped from 6 to 7 cents a pound. The grass-fed cattle are the product of the grazing lands solely and have not known what it is to be fed with corn at sixty cents a bushel. Meat dealers assert the laborers use the lower grade of beef almost wholly. The cut in prices means that ribs and loins, which have sold as high as 18 and 20 cents a pound, will sell for from 12 to 14 cents. The prices of hogs have suffered a reduction and mutton is from 3 to 4 cents cheaper than a few months ago.

B. & O. R. R. STOCK.

New York, Sept. 11.—While there is no official authority on the subject, it is understood by the largest bankers in this city that the Baltimore and Ohio will soon issue all or part of the common stock remaining in the treasury, amounting to somewhat over \$17,000,000 in the form of rights to present holders. It is known that President Loebe has stated emphatically that even with recent additions to equipment, the road cannot carry its current business and further additions of equipment are needed. It is much more plausible to believe that an issue of stock would be for this purpose rather than to acquire some Reading stock as recent rumors have frequently suggested.

PREPARING FOR A TIE-UP.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—A local paper says the order of railway conductors and the brotherhood of railroad trainmen have been successfully brought together during the past four months forming a big union comprising the employees of every road west of Chicago. The organization was secretly perfected in Kansas City in June. Chairman W. V. Stafford of the Executive Council, states that the consolidated union will shortly demand an increase of 20 per cent in wages. It will first make a test case and if the first road asked agrees to an increase all other roads will be asked. If the request is refused it can tie up every road west of Chicago.

SAFE BURGLARS SURPRISED.

Wheeling W. Va., Sept. 11.—Officers this morning surprised two burglars just as they had blown open the safe in the San Handle Railroad office. A pistol fire was opened by the burglars and was returned by the officers. One of the burglars was shot five times and died in a few minutes. His pal was captured. The men were both young and well dressed and appeared expert in their business. The dying burglar refused utterly to tell anything and the man who was captured is also silent.

CANDY TRUST A FAILURE.

Cincinnati, Sept. 11.—The Confectioners' Review claims that the National Candy Company, or candy trust, which was formed recently with a capitalization of \$9,000,000 will be a failure, so far as controlling that trade in the south and west is concerned. According to the Review, eighteen concerns are now in the trust, while 182 have not entered the combination. "The trust has failed, not only on presumptive theory but actual facts."

FORETOLD HER DEATH.

Lagrange, Ind. Sept. 11.—Mrs. Elizabeth Lawrence, living near Royerton, is dead at the age of 99 years, after setting the date for her death. While on her death bed she said she would tell the time of her death and named Wednesday. While her children were watching at her bedside, she said, "In fifteen minutes I shall die," and at the expiration of that time she died. Her father died at the age of 109.

DIED.

At his residence in Fairfax county, on Thursday, September 11, 1902, at 5:30 A. M., JOSEPH E. CHANCEY, in the 67th year of his age. Funeral from his late residence Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend. (Washington papers please copy.)

PRESIDENT TO HOLD RECEPTION.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The one topic of conversation and excitement at Oyster Bay is the coming event of Sept. 15, when President Roosevelt will receive the people of Nassau county at his home on Sagamore Hill. Ten to fifteen thousand people are expected. Oyster Bay will be turned into a streak of red, white, and blue. The Hicksville Battery will fire a salute when the reception begins, and another at its close. All the visitors will either come by boat or by vehicle, and go out to Sagamore Hill, where the President will receive them on his veranda from three to six p. m. He will deviate from his established custom and shake hands with all comers, to whom lemonade will be served after the reception. The President is already at work on some of the speeches which he will make on the western trip. It is believed that "Prosperity" will be the general key-note.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 11.—It is understood here that Senator Hanna, of Ohio will not be the only one of the President's political advisers to reach Oyster Bay on the morning of the 16th. Among others expected to arrive to partake of the Roosevelt's hospitality for the day are Senators Spooner of Wisconsin, Allison, of Iowa, Aldrich, of Rhode Island, Lodge of Massachusetts. The purpose of their visit is unexplained, the intimation being that their presence here is to be considered merely a social event, but the trend of political and other affairs makes it seem probable that questions of a public nature will come up for informal discussion.

NO CONCESSIONS BY OPERATORS.

Seranton, Pa., September 11.—The miners strike will never be settled by arbitration or any concessions granted by the operators. The men must go back to the mines on unconditional terms. This the operators have made up their mind to once for all. After this thing is ended, there will be no more strikes, for either the operators or the miners will be the masters of the situation, and I think we have the right to boss our own works." This is the answer made this morning by an official of a big Nanticoke mine to a query as to the chances of a settlement of the strike. The rumors of concessions to be made by the operators which prevailed the past two days are dissipated today. The leaders throughout this valley have given up hope of an intervention in the struggle before Christmas. Collieries numbers 12 and 4 are working and it is said that nearly fifteen hundred tons of mined coal were shipped to New York yesterday. This morning the non-union men went to work unmolested. The soldiers remained at their quarters at Manila Park.

A committee of citizens left here this morning for Harrisburg, where they will confer with the Governor in reference to calling an extra session of the legislature to pass the compulsory arbitration law, revoke charters of railroad companies mining coal, stop alleged discrimination on freight rates between hard and bituminous coal and giving the State control over foreign corporations doing business within its borders.

MORE ARRESTS TO BE MADE.

St. Louis, Sept. 11.—A wholesale arrest of councilmen of the "combine" which brought about the passage of the "Welsbach Lighting Ordinance" will be ordered by the grand jury immediately upon the conclusion of the testimony of Charles Kratz. The councilmen are in a trap and will have no chance to escape by flight. Nearly the entire personnel of the 1900 city council has been summoned to the Four Courts on subpoenas by the grand jury. They have been surrounded by detectives and are corralled, awaiting the conclusion of Kratz's confession.

Charles Kratz, fugitive councilman, has returned to St. Louis from Mexico and this morning was taken before the grand jury and turned State's evidence. It is expected Kratz's testimony will cause the indictment of at least six fellow councilmen.

BEEF COMBINE.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—A local newspaper has it from what it considered an authoritative source that the beef combine is practically completed and that it will become an actual fact after the November elections. Daily meetings, it is said, have been held here during the two weeks at which all of the greater details of the gigantic consolidation have been worked out.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

E. J. CHENEY, CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known E. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WISER & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WASHINGTON REPUBLICANS.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 11.—After a debate lasting until midnight the forces of Governor McBride won a victory over the republican State convention by securing the adoption of a plank in the platform declaring for the election of a State railway commission. The platform endorsed the administration of Governor McBride, favors the retention of the Philippines, the admission of territories, endorses President Roosevelt and pledges support to him in 1904; commends President Roosevelt's attitude on trusts and irrigation. It also favors the eight hour law and good roads movement. Congressmen Cushman and Jones and Judge W. E. Humphrey, of Seattle, were nominated for Congress and Judge Hadley, of Whatcom, for justice of the Supreme Court.

Josh Westhafer, of Logansport, Ind., is a poor man, but he says he would not be without Chamberlain's Pain Balm, if it cost five dollars a bottle, for it saved him from being a cripple. No external application is equal to this liniment for stiff and swollen joints, contracted muscles, stiff neck, sprains and rheumatic and muscular pains. It has also cured numerous cases of partial paralysis. It is for sale by Richard Gibson.

Take Care of the Stomach.

The man or woman whose digestion is perfect and whose stomach performs its every function is never sick. Kodol cleanses, purifies and sweetens the stomach and cures positively and permanently all stomach troubles, indigestion and dyspepsia. It is the wonderful reconstructive tonic that is making so much sick people well and weak people strong by conveying to their bodies all of the nourishment in the food they eat. Ber. J. H. Holladay, of Holladay, Miss., writes: "Kodol has cured me. I consider it the best remedy I ever used for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was given up by physicians. Kodol saved my life. Take it after meals. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons."

FOREIGN NEWS.

Generals Botha, De Wet and Delarey arrived at Amsterdam, today. A large crowd was gathered at the depot and the welcome accorded the Boer leaders was a most hearty one.

The American battleship Iowa ran aground near Cape Mossa, Senhora, Brazil, Wednesday. The minister of marine has ordered a war ship to go to the help of the American.

Herbert Jones, King Edward's jockey, met with a most painful accident at Doncaster, Eng., today. The jockey was firing in a rifle range when a fragment of a bullet struck him in the right eye, lacerating it badly.

It is asserted at the Vatican that President Roosevelt has intimated to the Pope that he would, with pleasure, see Archbishop Ireland created a cardinal as a reward for the Archbishop's services to the church and the country.

At a reception at Amsterdam today, General DeWet, the Boer leader, made an impassioned appeal for help for the Boer women and children and the more necessities. He said that upon assistance of this kind from England he feared he could not count.

Fourteen thousand masons and hod carriers today went out on strike at Barcelona. The strikers comprise the most illiterate and dangerous class of the city. The government is sending troops to Barcelona to prepare for any emergency which may arise.

Signor Marconi, the wireless telegraph inventor, at Rome this morning, declared that he had completely solved the problem of wireless communication over a distance of 2,500 kilometers, and is confident of establishing direct communication between Europe and America in the immediate future.

In Old Bailey court today the jury found a true bill against Prince Francis Joseph of Braganza, the Austrian nobleman arrested in London during coronation week in June, for committing an "unmentionable" offense. The prince with another man of high rank went out for a walk. They invaded Chapsale and there met with some sports. The evening's fun ended with the arrest of the prince.

COLORADO DEMOCRATS.

Denver, Col., Sept. 11.—The democratic State convention adjourned last night, after nominating a full State ticket, naming straight out democrats and refusing to give the populists the three places they had asked for. The populists however, were invited to join the democratic party. Before the ticket was named, Senators Teller and Patterson warned the delegates that they would endanger the democratic party in the State if they ignored the populists' demands. When the populist heard of the action of the democratic convention they also nominated a full ticket.